

\*Robbers tried to hold up a Santa Fe train yesterday.

\*Salvadoreans are again reported to have won battles.

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## BANDITS AT WORK.

### BANDITS AT WORK.

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#### Attempt to Hold Up a Train in Colorado.

**The Engineer and Firemen Wounded  
by the Robbers,  
But They Put on Steam and Saved the  
Passengers.**

**Other Eastern Dispatches—Admiral Walker Talks About the Trip of the Evolution Squadron—Terrorized by Firebugs.**

By Telegraph to The Times.  
TRINIDAD (Colo.) July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] The Santa Fe train from the south, due here at 10:45 a.m. was held up by four men

three miles south of Trinidad. On man stopped the train with a lantern, and as it stopped three men stepped up to the cab and began firing at Engineer O'Reilly, shooting him twice through the hand and wrist.

The fireman, W. M. Hall, has a severe wound in the head.

The engineer put on steam and ran the train to Trinidad, and on to La Junta. The wounded fireman is at the Grand Union Hotel.

The shooting began without a word

man were given no show for the  
lives. Officers are scouring the mountains.

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**THREE ACRES OF FIRE.**

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Conflagration at Seneca Falls, N.Y.

SENECA FALLS (N. Y.), July 30.—[The Associated Press.] The Pew building, against the erection of which three or more years ago an earnest protest was made, fulfilled its mission as firetrap this morning. It is feared al-

that it has proven a deathtrap. A few minutes after 3 o'clock this morning the building was discovered on fire. In a few minutes the entire structure was in flames. The splendid Phoenix block, involving the electric light plant, the electric railway plant, post office, and other buildings, was completely destroyed.

The flames sprang across the street from the burning of the building, and spread to the adjacent buildings, which were also destroyed. The fire spread to the adjacent buildings, which were also destroyed. The fire spread to the adjacent buildings, which were also destroyed.

to the Opera-house and that was consumed with all the buildings. Fall street on that side east to the Sheldon block, while on the north side the Coöperative block was the limit. On State street the flames extended and included the Kellogg livery stable. All three newspaper offices were burned and the telephone service suspended.

The Western Union Company is doing business at the railroad station. A fire was under control at 9 o'clock, but soon broke out again in Tedman Glasse's dry goods store, which was burned.

An area of nearly three acres was burned over, and many of the b

**THE NEW NAVY.**

NEW YORK, July 30.—[By the Associated Press. Admiral Walker of the squadron of evolution, which arrived yesterday was seen by a reporter this afternoon, and in conversation was enthusiastic over the crew. He took occasion to deny emphatically the

stories which have been printed from time to time of disaffection the squadron and troubles among officers. He said he never had been on a cruise that was so entirely free from like disaffection or disturbances aboard vessel. Of course in a squadron

containing fifteen hundred officers and men under military restrictions it was inevitable that offenses must occasionally occur, and of course penalties were inflicted. But no serious offenses were committed and no penalties could be described as severe were inflicted.

The squadron was received aboard with the utmost kindness and courtesy. "We were in fact," added the Admiral, "fêted from the moment we dropped anchor at Lisbon until we left the Mediterranean station at Rio Janeiro. The fêting was continued with doubled zeal. The Brazilians indeed surpassed our previous ones."

**A TERRORIZED TOWN.**  
Firebugs Cause a Panic Among People.

TOLEDO, July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] A most extraordinary combination of affairs prevails at Bairdstown, an oil village twenty miles north of this city. There have been five incendiary fires within a week, and a business-house has been destroyed. [The cause is thought to be the presence of a large quantity of oil in the village.]

It is alleged that the men who are holding town lots at big prices are hoping to sell them to the oil men, finding their aspirations checked.

A special to the Commercial  
Bairdstown says that all residents  
have their goods packed tonight  
to move at the slightest intimation

to move at the slightest intimi-  
fire. Armed men are patrolling  
streets to guard against incendi-  
and men, women and children a  
mortal terror, expecting at any  
ment to have to flee from their ho-  
The town has about six hundred  
habitants, and all prominent build-  
have been burned by incendiaries.

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 MARIAN OTIS, Secretary.

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## SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE.

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## FOR PEOPLE "ON THE WING."

Persons leaving the city for the summer may have THE TIMES sent by mail to any postoffice address by leaving orders at the office with the money in advance. Those at the seaside can have their papers delivered by special horse carrier, thus receiving it much earlier than if ordered through the mail. Leave your orders and addresses with the local agents:

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 B. B. HALL, Redondo Beach.  
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Persons who are unable to procure THE TIMES at any news agency or upon any railroad train will confer a favor by reporting the fact to this office.

SILVER has climbed up to 110 1/4 in New York, yet, wonderful to narrate, instead of importing it, as the goldbugs claimed we would have to, we are sending large quantities to Europe.

The insurrection in Buenos Ayres has come to an early end. Dispatches announce that the government has granted general amnesty to all persons who took part in the uprising.

AND now an English syndicate is after the cranberry lands in New Jersey. Let us hope that these insatiable Brits will at least leave us our turkeys for Thanksgiving.

SHOULD a Los Angeles justice be so unfortunate as to find himself in jail as a malefactor, would it be in order for him to get leave of absence from his jailer to hold court under custody of a policeman? This is a conundrum in jurisprudence which we commend to the bench and bar of the city for solution.

THE San Bernardino Republican Convention meets today. San Bernardino Republicans are a gallant and hard-headed lot, who refused to be taken in by Mr. Waterman's "guff," and we look confidently to decisive action by the convention, which shall have special significance as coming from the Republicans of Mr. Waterman's own county. There is little doubt but the convention will give its emphatic endorsement to the candidacy of Col. Markham.

In the case of Officer Dorsey, who got into an encounter with "macs" in the Elntrecht saloon on the night of the Fourth of July, and who used his billy and for that was arrested on the complaint of Johnny Abbott and taken before Justice Savage, that official held him for trial, notwithstanding the fact that he made the remark to Chief Glass, who appeared for the purpose of furnishing bail for Dorsey, that any jury would acquit the officer, and hold that he had only performed his duty. Why, then, did Mr. Savage make such a remark? Can it have meant anything else than that the "macs" have a hold upon him?

## A DISGUSTING BUSINESS.

Justice Lockwood has replied to the resolution passed by the Board of Supervisors, requesting him to resign. He refuses to do so, asserting that he has not violated the laws. And yet he has admitted having sheltered from the law Damron, a fugitive from justice, under bail. What manner of man is this?

Lockwood is said to have remarked that he cannot afford to resign. Most men would think that they could not afford to stay in office under such circumstances, but Mr. Lockwood's ideas are, in more ways than one, peculiar—with an appropriate prefix. Whether Mr. Lockwood can or cannot afford to resign, it is very certain that the county cannot afford to have him much longer on the bench. In another column will be found a statement showing how Chinese cases have been carried on in his court. From this it will be seen that there are now no less than thirty-five continued cases of this character awaiting trial there, and that ten cases have been continued indefinitely. Since the first of April twenty venires have been called to try such cases, generally of thirty-six men each, making a total of seven hundred and twenty citizens taken from their occupations to try Chinese gambling and similar cases, which are continued on the slightest pretext. Mr. Lockwood, as a judicial luxury, comes high, but it appears that we must have him, until he is sent to jail or his term expires.

What "pull" have the Chinese of Los Angeles on Mr. Justice Lockwood? There are persons among us who claim that they could tell, if they wished.

Meantime, the other distinguished criminal, Damron, gives the lie direct to Lockwood, by denying positively that he went to Lockwood's room at midnight and begged protection, as Lockwood stated. He asserts further that when he went to the room of this benevolent bosom friend he had thirty dollars, of which amount Lockwood took and retained twenty-five dollars. Twenty-five dollars is certainly not an extravagant price for boarding, sheltering and concealing a fugitive felon from three to five days, even if the room was poorly furnished, but it is sufficient to knock all the romance out of the brotherly love and benevolence business. Even that much, it appears, Lockwood cannot claim as a set-off to his astonishing and heinous infraction of the law which he has sworn to uphold and administer. And yet this man has the presumption to prate about the harsh treatment which he has received from the press, and to attempt to pose as a martyr!

Mr. Lockwood has not yet announced his intention of offering his name for reelection. That, however, may come. Nothing could surprise us, in this affair, after what has happened thus far. Should he escape a prison cell he may yet seek vindication at the hands of the people from his journalistic transgressions.

What an inexpressibly dirty and disgusting business is this! This man's reputation taints the atmosphere. His presence is a menace to the moral health of the community. Some means should be found to disinfest the moral atmosphere.

## MACHINE POLITICS.

In an early issue of THE TIMES will be published a significant and important utterance by Senator Thomas C. Platt of New York, under the head of "A Field for Young Men," in which Mr. Platt urges them to go into politics. He says:

Under our republican form of government the office-holders are merely the servants of the people. But if the people neglect their duty, what can we expect from their servants?

The ordinary principles of business should be applied to politics. All the evils growing out of our political system can be traced to failure on the part of the people to do their duty. There would have been no Tweed ring but for the almost criminal carelessness, indifference and neglect of the intelligent voters. To the same indifference are we indebted for the present domination of Tammany in this city.

New York city contains a large mass of machine voters who have neither independence nor the inclination to favor a clean, honest government. They follow the Tammany organization blindly, whether it listeth and never ask any questions. I seriously doubt if Tammany should re-nominate the present Mayor whether there would be any material diminution of this machine vote. Certain it is that there would be no cutting of the candidate among the rank and file on moral grounds. The supremacy of Tammany in city and State can but be regarded as a national disgrace. There has never been a time in the history of the metropolis when it was not possible for the united elements of opposition to carry this city. They now have it in their power to demolish and overthrow the corrupt Tammany ring.

Traditions are all very well, but every man is surer of himself who makes his own independent investigation and forms his own opinions. It should be made impossible for a dishonest or unclean man to secure a nomination for any office, or an election in the event of his nomination.

For a man who has sometimes been accused of hidebound partisanship, these are brave words.

In an editorial defending machine politics, the Trombone yesterday said: "The Tribune has no fear that the Republican 'machine' will be otherwise constructed or otherwise directed. It finds no necessity for reading its party a homily on 'Decency in Politics.'"

Certainly not! Notwithstanding the fact that an ex-Assemblyman is in the County Jail; that a Justice of the Peace is under bail, and likely to go there; that the Prosecuting Attorney is not distinguished for either competency, energy or efficiency, and that there are several other equally palpable evils which endanger the reputation and success of the local party, this owl-like dispenser of tedious twaddle sees nothing to call for criticism, for warning, or for advice. Why should it be expected to? The Trombone was never known to denounce anything nearer home than Great Britain or Cochise China, and then it would take back what it said, if any one asked it to. Bah! These things cause us lassitude.

THE San Francisco Call referring to the claim of some of Markham's friends that one ballot will be sufficient to secure his nomination, says:

It must be confessed that the claim is worthy of consideration, and it certainly looks as if two ballots would land him at the head of the ticket, with votes to spare. The drift of sentiment is all in his direction, and every

day seems to add to his strength, which is now more than double that of any of his competitors. His followers, however, have not allowed themselves to grow careless through over-confidence, but are working with as much energy as if their leader was in the rear ranks of the procession instead of the front.

"Taken altogether," adds the Call, "Markham looks like a sure winner, and the knowing ones of both parties are already conceding his nomination."

SALT LAKE CITY comes near Los Angeles, with a population of 45,025—more than double what it had ten years ago.

## AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—The Shatohen drew another fair house last night and the humorous eccentricities of Curtis as the marriage broker amused the audience to the fullest extent. Frank Mordant was honored with a curtain call, as usual, at the close of the second act. The piece will be given for the last time tonight, and in spite of the defects which have been already pointed out, is quite well worth seeing for the good acting of the four principal characters.

## AMONG THE POLITICIANS.

MARKHAM'S AVAILABILITY.

[San Francisco Call.] It is considered a settled thing that Senator Stanford will be a candidate for reelection in case the Legislature is Republican. Republicans who do not like this arrangement express the belief that there is no help for it. Unless, therefore, Mr. Stanford shall announce his purpose not to seek a re-nomination the Republican party will meet in convention with the understanding that the nomination shall be given to this city. It is good party politics, under these circumstances, to force an aspirant from the same city upon the convention for the office of Governor? Is it wise, to say nothing of fairness, to appropriate the two best offices to one locality? The south presents a fit candidate in the person of Mr. Markham. Mr. Morrow is also a fit candidate, but he is much more fit to succeed himself as Congressman from the Fourth District. Mr. Morrow, we think, will serve the public well what he will do for himself. But Mr. Markham, for reasons already given, would give greater strength to the State ticket than Mr. Morrow.

## THE CALCULATIONS OF BOWERS'S

[San Diego Sun.] Senator Bowers's friends are confident of his success at Fresno, and are leaving no stone unturned under which there is the least possibility of securing a vote at Fresno. To the list of delegates which was presented in the San Francisco convention, which Senator Bowers thirty more have been added, the majority of them coming from Los Angeles. Senator Bowers's friends have been untiring in their work among the Los Angeles delegation, and every one of the city's six delegates has been labored with until Senator Bowers is confident that he will get twenty-five or thirty votes from that delegation. That will give the Senator the nomination—ninety-four votes being required.

## WHOSE WORK IS IT?

[Sacramento Bee.] The Republicans of Sacramento county, in convention assembled, appear to see through rose-colored glasses the acts of all officials bearing the name of Republican. The administration of R. W. Waterman, Governor-elect, which has been the daily joke of the East for several years, receives the official and hearty endorsement of the convention, because it is supposed to have been Republican. Through an oversight, the delegates the resolutions were the result of blind idocy or the covert work of disgruntled politicians who desire to jeopardize the success of the Republicans at the coming fall election.

## SAN DIEGO DEMOCRATS AND THE GOVERNORSHIP.

[San Diego Sun.] The Democratic delegates to the county convention, who were elected Saturday, will not meet until August 4th, and as they were not chosen in the interest of any candidate there is quite a little speculation as to whether Bond, Coleman or English will capture the county vote. The San Diego county will send to the Democratic State Convention. The Sun has interviewed a number of leading Democrats, most of whom are delegates to the county convention, on the gubernatorial question, and very few of the delegates chosen seem in favor of sending an instructed delegation to San Jose. The reason for this is that the Democrats, like the Republicans, have a candidate in whose interest they will work first, last and all the time. That candidate is J. W. Bunker for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

## MR. BOWERS'S EXERCISE.

[San Diego Critic.] It is a matter of common knowledge that all Coronado Republicans are dead in love with Senator Bowers. Likewise those Republicans who were told that they had better have a millstone tied around their neck and be cast into the Pacific ocean than to back against the arrangements he had made for securing his election or nomination. The Senator was flushed with victory and gave a free rein to his exuberant feelings. It is better, thinks the Senator, to be a live lion than a dead dog. Candidates for county offices ought to be wise in time and save their necks from the millstones.

## NOTES.

Wyoming will hold its first State election on September 12th.

New York's new ballot law prohibits the holding of elections in or next door to saloons.

The Republicans of Truckee renominated C. F. McGlashan for Assemblyman by acclamation.

A. M. D. McIntosh and R. F. Wilson are candidates for the Assembly from San Joaquin on the Prohibition ticket.

The name of Henry Dusterberry is mentioned quite frequently of late in connection with the Democratic nomination for State Senator, in the Eighteenth District—Hirvington Express.

Broadway Market. The new Broadway market, opposite the postoffice, is progressing rapidly in public favor. This important enterprise has heretofore been fully described in these columns, and it is only need to be added that it is a satisfaction to see progressive owners of real estate benefited to the fullest extent. Many stalls in the new market are occupied, others remain to be taken. It being a new enterprise, dealers would do well to make their business and locations known to the public.

## AN OLD SWINDLE.

How an Oregon Farmer Was Buncoed.

Five Thousand Dollars Was What His Folly Cost Him.

The Revenue Cutter Rush Busy with Bering Sea Poachers.

Southern Pacific Officials Think the Santa Fe Line Will Soon Be Extended to San Francisco, Etc.

By Telegraph to The Times.

SALEM (Or.), July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] S. W. R. Jones, a wealthy farmer and land-owner living north of Salem, yesterday evening was buncoed out of \$5000 in gold. A man and woman, representing themselves as wealthy, called to buy his farm a few days ago, and while en route to Salem yesterday, he met another man representing himself to be a Louisiana lottery agent, and who induced Jones to invest in a ticket. He did and drew \$5. He bought another and got \$15,000, which the agent said he could not pay unless he knew that Jones was worth that amount, whereupon Jones came to Salem and borrowed \$5000, and went to meet the supposed agent, who pretended to put \$10,000 in gold and bonds in a tin box with Jones's money. He then gave the box to Jones to keep, saying he would meet him in Salem to day and cash the ticket. The swindler changed the tin boxes on Jones, giving him a box containing two rocks. Jones offers \$500 for the apprehension of the lottery agent.

## FROM THE FAR NORTH.

A Schooner Seized—The Cutter Rush Not Idle.

VICTORIA (B. C.), July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] News has been received here of the seizure of the Seattle schooner George A. White by the United States customs agent at Ounalaska. The White, like the Hattie Dyer, neglected to keep a copy of the bond filed, which provided that she would not take firearms into Alaska. The Victoria schooner Ariel is reported to have been boarded by the cutter Rush and warned to keep out of Bering Sea. A copy of the formal proclamation thereof was given to her captain. This incident, it is thought, contradicts the belief that the policy of 1886 will be pursued this season by the United States.

## THE SANTA FE'S EXTENSION.

Belief That It Will Build to San Francisco at Once.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] The most important topic of discussion in railroad circles in the prospect of the Santa Fe's extension to this city. A. N. Towne said today that he had no doubt of the intention to build to San Francisco at once. Vice-President Stubbs said: "Let them come. By the terms of the contract with our company, they are obliged to give us three years' notice before commencing to build, or forfeit \$200,000. They will probably evade this provision by organizing another company."

## A CONVICT'S FATAL FALL.

SAN QUENTIN PRISON, July 30.—This afternoon about 2 o'clock convict Thomas Harper, employed as a brickmason on the new front-gate building, fell head first from the balcony, a distance of eighteen feet, fracturing his skull and dying instantly. He came here in May, 1884, for eight years for grand larceny, committed in San Francisco, and his term would have expired in September of this year. A coroner's jury has been summoned and an inquest will be held at the prison tomorrow.

## MISS BAYARD'S NARROW ESCAPE.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The Examiner's special from Warm Springs, Va., says: Miss Bayard, daughter of ex-Secretary Bayard, had a remarkably narrow escape from instant death. She had ridden up to Flax Rock, the topmost peak of the Warm Spring range. In attempting to turn her buggy it was upset and rolled over the precipice. Miss Bayard fell about 40 feet, but strange to say she was unhurt. The horse and buggy went down about 210 feet.

## SENATOR CARMINETTI'S LOSS.

NEVADA (Cal.), July 30.—State Senator Carmineti, who has been spending a few days here and at Grass Valley, on relief at the hotel in Grass Valley on Monday, hid a purse with \$160 in his bed. At noon he took the train for home. Reaching Colfax he discovered he had left the money behind. He telegraphed back to the hotel, but the money could not be found.

## AN INSANE RAILROAD MAN.

SAN DIEGO, July 30.—H. J. Gleason, late agent of the Santa Fe road in this city, was today sent to the insane asylum at Napa. Gleason was at one time general freight and passenger agent of the Rock Island road at Chicago, and was well known throughout the East.

## HELD FOR TRIAL.

SAN RAFAEL, July 30.—Ex-Treasurer Austin was today held to appear for trial before the Superior Court on two charges of embezzlement, bail being fixed at \$2000 on each charge. He furnished bonds and was released from custody.

## HIS SECOND ATTEMPT SUCCESSFUL.

VALLEJO, July 30.—John Gannon, aged 28 years, son of Thomas Gannon, who keeps a lodging-house on Georgia street, shot himself this afternoon with a revolver in the presence of his parents. He made an attempt on his life two years ago by poison.

## THE MARE ISLAND SCANDAL.

VALLEJO, July 30.—Pay Director Williams, U.S.N., penal storekeeper at the navy yard at Mare Island, has applied for an investigation into the charges made by newspapers regarding alleged frauds in the matter of contracts let by the Government for supplies at the Mare Island yard.

## SAN JOSE WANTS A RECOUNT.

SAN JOSE, July 30.—The Chamber of Commerce is taking active steps toward securing a re-poll of the census.

## THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Illinois Legislature Working on the Bond Question.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] The World's Columbian Exposition bill was passed this morning by the Senate.

In the House the Senate joint resolution was taken up and amended to the effect that the bonds in aid of the World's Fair shall be payable at the expiration of thirty years instead of twenty. So amended the resolution was passed.

The Senate this afternoon refused to concur in one of the House amendments providing that any indebtedness created shall be paid by Chicago alone. This will be reported back to the House tomorrow.

A Reciprocity Resolution. WASHINGTON, July 30.—Representative Sanford of New York today offered for reference to the Ways and Means Committee a preamble and resolution reciting Mr. Blaine's expression of opinion upon sugar and reciprocity; postponing legislation on sugar and molasses duties until next session; and requesting the President to enter into negotiations with Spain and the Central and South American States looking to a consummation of reciprocal arrangements, etc.

## WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The conferees on the Original Package Bill have agreed to report the Senate bill back.

The Senate has confirmed Thaddeus S. Sharretts of Baltimore as General Appraiser of Merchandise. The President left this afternoon for Cape May.

Salt Lake City's Growth. WASHINGTON, July 30.—The population of Salt Lake City is announced by the Census Office to be 45,025, against 20,768 ten years ago.

## POLITICAL.

## THE TENNESSEE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Michigan Prohibitionists Put a Ticket in the Field—The Arkansas Democracy Renominates Breckinridge.

By Telegraph to The Times.

NASHVILLE, July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] The Republican State Convention was called to order at noon, with a large attendance of delegates, but with a fewer number of colored men on hand than usual. After the appointment of various committees the convention took a recess till 2 o'clock this afternoon.

At the afternoon session Congressman Houk was made permanent chairman. The platform was adopted with great applause.

It reaffirms allegiance to the principles of the last national platform and indorses the administration of President Harrison; also the action of the Republican representatives in Congress, and especially their effort to enact a protective tariff law. It recognizes the right and duty of Congress to pass an effective national election law, and expresses confidence in the wisdom and patriotism of the Republican party, and the belief that it will not pass any law that would unsettle the business interests of any section of the country. The country is congratulated upon the wise solution of the silver question in Congress. Strong opposition is expressed to trusts, and the bill recently passed by Congress against such combines is heartily approved. The Democratic administration of the State of Tennessee is denounced as weak, short-sighted, non-progressive and unpatriotic.

Hon. Lewis T. Baxter of Davidson county, president of the Nashville Commercial Club, was nominated for Governor by acclamation.

## MICHIGAN PROHIBITIONISTS.

LANSING (Mich.), July 30.—The Prohibition State Convention today nominated the following ticket: Governor, Azariah S. Patridge; Lieutenant-Governor, Henry I. Allen; Secretary of State, E. S. Palmer; State Treasurer, Ansel P. Coddington; Attorney-General, J. E. Adair.

The platform declares, among other things, for the prohibition of the manufacture, transportation or sale of liquor; for the Australian ballot system for the election of President, Vice-President and Senators by direct vote of the people; no disfranchisement on account of sex; the free coinage of silver and increase of the currency to meet the demands of business.

## NORTH DAKOTA REPUBLICANS.

GRAND FORKS (N.D.), July 30.—The Republican State Convention reassembled this morning, but the credential committee not being ready to report, adjournment was taken until 2 p.m.

This evening a permanent organization was perfected. There was a fierce fight over nominations and at a late hour the convention is still in session. Capt. Burke of Fargo was nominated for Governor, Roger Allen for Lieutenant-Governor and M. H. Johnson for Congress, the present incumbent, Hansbrough, being knocked out.

## RENOMINATED.

CLEVELAND (O.), July 30.—Ezra B. Taylor was renominated by acclamation by the Republicans of the Nineteenth District.

LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), July 30.—The Democratic Congressional Convention for the Second Arkansas District today nominated Clifton R. Breckinridge for Congress by acclamation. This is the district from which the Clayton contest is now pending in Congress.

## NEBRASKA INDEPENDENTS.

LINCOLN (Nebr.), July 30.—The Independent State Convention completed the ticket late last night as follows: Auditor, John Beatty of Holt county; Attorney-General, George W. Edgerly of Douglas; Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, W. F. Weight of Omaha; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Prof. D. Almonds of Furnas.

## SHOT THE EDITOR.

JACKSON (Miss.), July 30.—State Senator Joe W. Cutrer, today, shot and fatally wounded Freeland Chew, editor of the New Cosmopolitan, at Friar's Point. No particulars are learned except that Chew has been assailing Cutrer in his paper.

## THE PRESIDENT TO VISIT BOSTON.

BOSTON, July 30.—The President has definitely promised the G.A.R. committee to be here on August 12th.

## SUMMER SPORTS.

Fast Pacing by Adonis at Cleveland.

The California Horse Breaks the Record but Loses the Race.

Twin City Events—Summary of the Day at Saratoga.

Doings on the Diamond—The New York Brotherhood Club Takes Two Games from the Smoky City Men.

By Telegraph to The Times.

CLEVELAND, July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] The attendance was large, the weather beautiful, the track dry and hard. The free-for-all pace was the sensation of the day. Adonis, the California horse, was the favorite. He took first and second heats but could not capture the prize. In the second heat Adonis went the fastest mile ever paced in a race. Soon after the start Hal Pointer began to crowd the Californian and the remainder of the field was left in the rear. On the back stretch Hal was going like the wind. Turning into the stretch he and Adonis were neck and neck. It was a game struggle to the distance flag, when Hal went off his feet and ran under the wire half a length ahead of Adonis. The heat was given to the latter, however. Time, 2:14.

In the 2:19 class trot Almont was the favorite, but after Lady Bullion had taken the first heat and she and Almont had gone the second dead Mambino Maid came to the front and won.

Trotting, 2:25 class, \$2000, divided—Alvin won, Almont Wilkes second, Abbie V. third; others distanced. Best time, 2:18.

Free-for-all pacing, \$1500, divided—Hal Pointer won, Adonis second, Jewett third, Fred Arthur fourth. Best time, 2:15.

Trotting, 2:19 class, \$2000, divided—Mambino Maid won, Lady Bullion second, Almont third, Diamond fourth. Best time, 2:16.

## TWIN CITY EVENTS.

ST. PAUL, July 30.—The track was fast.

All ages, mile—Kafian won, Dolmar second, Onlight third. Time, 1:42.

Three-year-olds and upward, mile and fifty yards—Bertha won, Repeat second, Gracie D. third. Time, 1:48.

Minneapolis stakes. 2-year-olds, eleven-sixteenths of a mile—Rainer won, Ida Pickwick second, Sir Abner third. Time, 1:08 1/4.

Three-year-olds and upward, mile and a sixteenth—Loughlight won, Linday second, Woodcraft third. Time, 1:50.

Three-fourths of a mile, heats—Al Farrow took two heats, Almont second, Lamont third. Time, 1:15 and 1:1



Both pitchers were hit quite freely. Attendance 1900.  
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 3 1 3-3  
Philadelphia..1 0 0 0 1 0 1 5-9  
Batteries: Gleason and Clemente, Hutchinson and Kittredge.

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SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] The Examiner's Washington special says: Some comment has been caused by the anomalous position of Commander Dennis W. Mullan of the navy, in view of statements contained in the recent report made to Congress. That report, accompanied by a joint resolution, authorized Commander Mullan to accept a medal from the Chilean government. In 1880 Commander Mullan was detailed to observe military operations between Chili and Peru, and witness two battles. As a compliment to him the Chilean government sent a medal to the Secretary of State to be presented to him.

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Yet Commander Mullan, of whom these complimentary words are spoken, has been for more than a year past rusticated on waiting orders, having become engaged in a controversy with Admiral Kimball, which resulted in the Commander being detached from command of the Nipsic after the Samoan wreck in March, 1889. The Nipsic was badly damaged in the storm, and a jury rudder was rigged, with which she started to Honolulu for further repairs. Commander Mullan, after proceeding part of the way, returned to Samoa, declining to continue the voyage with the ship in that condition, whereupon Admiral Kimball relieved him of his command and he was sent home. Under another officer the Nipsic made the voyage successfully.

Around the Navy Department there is more or less criticism respecting the manner in which the Samoan storm was treated and the consequences that ensued. It is said by some that Admiral Kimball, then acting Rear Admiral Walker, then chief of the Bureau of Navigation, by whom Secretary Tracy was influenced, united in discouraging the holding of a court of inquiry because the finding might have injured the judgment of the Admiral in not ordering the vessel to sea when the approach of the tornado was heralded by the barometer.

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## A DAY IN CONGRESS.

Senator Cockrell's Fling at Speaker Reed.

Republicans Take Part in the Debate on the Tariff.

Morrill of Vermont in Defense of the Protective System.

A Committee Appointed in the House to Investigate the Charges Against Commissioner of Pensions.

By Telegraph to The Times.

WASHINGTON (D.C.) July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] Senate.—Mr. Sherman offered an amendment to the Deficiency Appropriation Bill, which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations, appropriating \$50,000 for marking the boundary line between the United States and Mexico, and called attention to its urgency.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Sherman fixing the daily hour of meeting at 10 a.m. was taken up.

Mr. Cockrell said he would support the resolution, and wanted to give a few reasons why some taunts had been made recently by the Senators of Rhode Island and Maine (Messrs. Aldrich and Fry) about the delay on the part of the Democratic minority. He wanted those Senators to see the relative amount of work done in the two houses. The Senate had up to the 28th of July passed nine hundred and forty-six bills, and four hundred and ninety-nine other bills had been acted upon by committees, and had been indefinitely postponed, making the whole number of Senate bills actually disposed of 1445. That was considerably more than one-third of all the bills introduced in the Senate.

No such record had ever before been made. The House out of over 10,000 bills introduced there passed 865, a fraction of the whole. Out of all the Senate bills passed the House bills the Senate passed 618. How, he asked, had so much work been done in the Senate? Had the minority been wasting time by interposing objections or by unnecessary discussions? Had the minority consumed time (as the majority had done under the last administration) in criticizing the Executive or pleading the civil service law to prevent removal of Democratic officials before the end of their term of office? Nothing of the kind. Had not bills for the admission of Idaho and Wyoming as States been allowed by the minority to pass, although every one knew neither of them had sufficient popular support to entitle them to representatives in the House? Those bills were passed only through the inconsiderable forbearance and conservatism of the Democratic minority, and yet the Democrats were criticized the moment they wanted a little explanation and a little light on the tariff bill. If there was a Democratic majority in the Senate and if it had made an attempt to pass a bill for admission of New Mexico and Arizona as States the Senator from Maine (Mr. Fry) would have pranced up and down the center aisle and the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Edmunds) would have raised his voice. They would have roared like caged lions and screamed like chained hyenas [laughter] against the action of the Democratic majority. Why, he asked, has not the House disposed of more bills than it has disposed of? The reason was that it ignored in its organization and in its changed rules the fundamental principles of parliamentary discussion. He quoted from a letter written by Thomas B. Reed in June, 1888. It would be remembered, he said, that Mr. Reed was once a member of the House of Representatives. One of the sentences in that remarkable production was in these words: "Full, free, frank discussion is very necessary to intelligent action. Another sentence was: 'The suppression of discussion is tyrannical, whether done by king or majority.'"

He challenged any Republican Senator to show where the Democratic minority had attempted any unnecessary delay. The resolution was finally agreed to. The tariff bill was taken up, and Mr. Morrill addressed the Senate.

Mr. Morrill said that the ill-natured denunciations of American manufacturers by oratorical free-traders indicated that they preferred the prosperity of foreign manufacturers to that of their own countrymen, and that they would compel the latter to manufacture as cheaply as any foreigner, to pay no higher wages, or to abandon their business. The real purpose was finally to break down and degrade the present scale of wages of American workmen. Coming to the question of agricultural depression, Mr. Morrill said there was a glut of misinformation disseminated on that subject and a concealment of the fact that the prices of farm products are depressed throughout the world. The only possible remedy within the reach of the American farmers was positive protection against foreign competition, and such encouragement to other vocations as would increase the consumers of their products. He asserted that in 1888 had it not been for the duty of 20 cents a bushel on wheat, the wheat of India would have snatched the market of New York, as well as that of the

Western States. The farm mortgage indebtedness has been grossly exaggerated, and he understood the census reports would show that farm mortgages in Kansas and Maine were less than one-quarter of the amount which had been represented. The charge that American farmers were hugely in debt, or more so than the farmers of any other country, was a gross calumny. Markets which could not be found abroad had to be made at home, and they could only be made by protection. Referring to the countries of Central and South America, Mr. Morrill said that of agricultural products, cattle, sheep and horses they had an abundant and cheap supply, not only for home consumption, but also for exportation. To carry any of these products there, in the vain hope of finding a market, would be like "carrying coals to Newcastle." On the question of sugar, Mr. Morrill said the adding of free sugar to the breakfast table presented a stronger case than tea and coffee presented in 1872 for like treatment. If the United States could (as had been done by several European countries) supply all its own sugar, \$90,000,000 would be kept at home that was now sent to Cuba and elsewhere never to return. In conclusion, Mr. Morrill said that any amendment offered in good faith that would improve the tariff would be cordially received, but all attempts to heap thorns upon it would, he hoped, be rejected.

At the close of Mr. Morrill's speech consideration of the bill by paragraphs was continued.

The amendment offered yesterday by Mr. McPherson was rejected.

Mr. McPherson continued to offer amendments for the reduction of the rates on articles in the chemical schedule, but they were all mercilessly rejected by party votes. The only change made in the schedule was a reduction (on motion of Mr. Aldrich) of the duty on chloroform from 40 to 25 cents per pound.

Mr. Vest moved to reduce the duty on iodiform from \$1.50 to \$1 per pound. Rejected.

The tariff bill was then laid aside, and the conference report on the District of Columbia Appropriation Bill was presented.

No action was taken, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

House.—Mr. McComas of Maryland called up the conference report on the District of Columbia Appropriation Bill. Mr. Cannon of Illinois resigning the right to call up the Sundry Civil Bill for the reason of sickness in Mr. McComas's family, necessitating his return home.

Mr. Mutchler of Pennsylvania opposed the report on the ground that if the bill passed there would be a deficit of \$275,000 to \$400,000.

After debate the conference report was agreed to, and the House went into committee of the whole on the Senate amendments to the Sundry Civil Bill.

Mr. Cummings made an attack upon the direction of the geological survey and favored the Senate irrigation amendment.

Mr. Cannon replied briefly. Pending action on the committee report.

The speaker announced the appointment of the following members on the committee to investigate the charges against Commissioner Raum: Morrill, Sawyer, Smyser, Goodnight and Martin of Indiana.

Adjourned.

A BLAZE AT CHICAGO.  
Large Fire on the Lake Front Lumber District.  
CHICAGO, July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] A disastrous conflagration occurred tonight on the lake front, at the foot of Michigan street, near the mouth of the Chicago River. It began on the docks of Fitzsimmons & Connell, contractors, and quickly spread to the lumber yards of Ayer & Co., Whitcomb & Co., Peshtige & Co., and H. Paepcke & Co. The region is known as "north pier," and is situated on the north side of the river only a few acres from the site of old Fort Dearborn. A wilderness of alps, wharves and railroad tracks rendered the place almost inaccessible for the fire engines, and three fire boats came in good play. Between ten and fifteen acres of lumber piles were burned and a number of freight cars. The direction of the wind alone saved large manufacturing establishments in the vicinity. The losses aggregate \$300,000.

Death of a Politician.  
INDIANAPOLIS, July 30.—Col. John A. Bridgeland, a well-known Republican politician of this city, died last night at Fairland, aged 64.

Both pitchers were hit quite freely. Attendance 1900.  
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 3 1 3-3  
Philadelphia..1 0 0 0 1 0 1 5-9  
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## PET CIGARETTES ARE THE BEST.

CIGARETTE-SMOKERS who are willing to pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade cigarettes will find the PET CIGARETTES SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

They are made from the very highest cost gold leaf grown in Virginia, are unequalled for their delicate aroma and rare fragrance, and are absolutely pure.

WITH IT AUTHENTICATION OR DEUCE.

ALLEN & GILFILLAN, Manufacturers, Richmond, Va.

## MILITARY MARKSMEN.

Preliminary Practice of Soldiers at Fort Wingate.

FORT WINGATE (N. M.) July 30.—[By the Associated Press.] The first day's shooting of the preliminary practice of the division in cavalry competition was held here today. The weather was very favorable for good shooting. During the firing at the 200, 300 and 600 yard ranges "not a breath of air was stirring. The light was favorable, the sky being overcast with light, flaky clouds. Some excellent scores were made at the 200-yards range. Private Andrew Keiser of Troop H, Sixth Cavalry, led with a score of 44, out of a possible 50, while Lieut. Alex Gray, Sixth Cavalry, made the next best with a score of 43, thus falling short of Keiser's score by only one point.

At the 300-yard range the highest score was made by Corporal Thornton, 45 out of a possible 50, while Sergt. Henry Hensler of Troop G, Second Cavalry, came in second with a score of 44.

At the 600-yard range several 44's were made, and at the 600-yard range, a slight breeze having sprung up, the scores were not so good as might have been expected, although Corporal Swanson, Troop D, Sixth Cavalry, made a score of 43 points. There were fourteen competitors and the following are the names of those making the best scores:

For 300 yards: Private A. Keiser, Sixth Cavalry, 44 out of a possible 50.  
For 300 yards: Corporal J. O. Thornton, Sixth Cavalry, 45.  
For 600 yards: First Sergt. Finnegan, of the Tenth Cavalry, score 46.  
For 600 yards: Sergt. A. J. Jones, Tenth Cavalry, 48.

Tomorrow the shooting will be resumed.

## Both Drowned.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 30.—Louis de W. Washburn, a leading civil engineer, was drowned in Lake Minnetonka this evening with his piece, Gusle Backman, a fisherman, and E. H. Backman, of St. Paul. They were teaching him to swim, when he was seized with cramps and both went down.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk for infant feeding and general use.

LADIES who value a refined complexion must use Pepsin's Powder. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.

ARMOUR-CUDAHY special brand lard at JEV'S.

DR. ELIZA M. MILLER has removed her office and residence to 1012 Temple street, Rochester.

ARMOUR-CUDAHY—ox Tongue at JEV'S.

## THE HOTEL DEL CORONADO

Coronado, San Diego County.

With its magnificent appointments and genial atmosphere is without exception the most delightful and enjoyable place for health, recreation, family resort or, if needed, perfect rest, to be found either on

THIS CONTINENT OR IN EUROPE.

Every breeze is laden with health and vigor. Here can be found out and in door amusements in great variety for both ladies and gentlemen; also ample playgrounds for the children.

SATURDAY'S EXCURSIONS to Coronado leave Los Angeles at 8:15 a.m., returning at 4 p.m. Monday. Tickets, including 2 1/2 days' board and room at the hotel, \$11, for sale at Santa Fe office, 120 North Main street, at First-street depot and other depots as heretofore.

The Coronado Natural Mineral Water, Used as a beverage at the hotel, is a delightful drink, pure, cold and sparkling, and possesses decided virtues in alleviating KIDNEY and BLADDER troubles, in many cases making perfect cures.

Los Angeles Agency and Bureau of Information, 123 North Spring St., corner Franklin, LOS ANGELES.

## SMOKE

The Celebrated

## ESTRELLA



A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. U. S. Government Report, August 17, 1889.

## FREE EXHIBITION

—OF—

## FINE PICTURES!

—AT THE SALESHOOM OF—

Sanborn, Vail & Co.

The largest and best collection of pictures ever shown on the Pacific Coast. Don't fail to see them.

## Sanborn, Vail & Co.,

133 South Spring Street, LOS ANGELES.

## TENTS

AWKING, FLAG, TRUCK, HAY AND WAGON COVERS.

A. W. SWANFELDT, S. W. corner of Second and San Pedro streets. Telephone 136.

The Couter Dry Goods House.



## THE COUNTER DRY GOODS HOUSE

30c EACH.	Children's White Dresses, trimmed with embroidery, worth 75 and 85 cents.	30c EACH.	Children's White Dresses, trimmed with embroidery, worth 75 and 85 cents.
75c EACH.	Children's White Dresses, extra fine quality, worth \$1.00.	75c EACH.	Children's White Dresses, extra fine quality, worth \$1.00.
65c EACH.	Children's White Aprons, fine check Swiss, embroidered, worth 85c.	65c EACH.	Children's White Aprons, fine check Swiss, embroidered, worth 85c.
75c EACH.	Children's White Aprons, fine Swiss, embroidered, worth \$1.	75c EACH.	Children's White Aprons, fine Swiss, embroidered, worth \$1.
25c PAIR.	LADIES' MUSLIN DRAWERS, Trimmed with fine tucks.	25c PAIR.	LADIES' MUSLIN DRAWERS, Trimmed with fine tucks.
30c PAIR.	Ladies' Fine Muslin Drawers, embroidery trimmed, worth 75 cents a pair.	30c PAIR.	Ladies' Fine Muslin Drawers, embroidery trimmed, worth 75 cents a pair.
35c EACH.	Ladies' Chemise, good muslin trimmed with lace and embroidery, worth 50c.	35c EACH.	Ladies' Chemise, good muslin, trimmed with lace and embroidery, worth 50c.
50c EACH.	Ladies' chemise, extra fine muslin, embroidery trimmed, worth 75 cents.	50c EACH.	Ladies' Chemise, extra fine muslin, embroidery trimmed, worth 75 cents.
50c EACH.	Ladies' Nightgowns, good muslin, trimmed in torchon lace, worth 75 cents.	50c EACH.	Ladies' Nightgowns, good muslin, trimmed in torchon lace, worth 75 cents.
75c EACH.	Ladies' Nightgowns, fine muslin, trimmed with embroidery, worth \$1.	75c EACH.	Ladies' Nightgowns, fine muslin, trimmed with embroidery, worth \$1.
25 Per Dozen.	DISCOUNT. Ladies' Fancy Parasols, to close stock, 1/2 off regular prices. Now 1/2 your time. Just a few left.	25 Per Dozen.	DISCOUNT. Ladies' Fancy Parasols, to close stock, 1/2 off regular prices. Now 1/2 your time. Just a few left.



Spring Street, Corner of Second.

## “HELLO!”

GROCERIES.

## HALL & PACKARD.

“HELLO!”

"How many pounds of sugar do you give for \$1?" "Oh, let up on the sugar racket. You know we give as many pounds as our competitors, without asking. Sugar alone is not what you want cheap. You want everything in the grocery line, from a bar of soap to a barrel of flour, and you want

Fresh Goods and Best Quality.

Our stock is complete. We are loaded down with

FANCY GROCERIES, TABLE DELICACIES,

Tourist and Lunch Goods,

As well as staples. Send us your order and see how we serve you." Remember,

HALL & PACKARD, 441 SOUTH SPRING ST.

## SOUTH FIELD WELLINGTON

Selected Lump Coal,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The most economical and the best for domestic and steam purposes. Ship Glory of the sea now discharging at San Pedro 3400 tons of this celebrated coal. Ideal direct from the mine and sent prepared to supply customers at lowest market price.

## HANCOCK BANNING,

Importer of South Field Wellington and Foreign Steam Coal.

Yard, 838 North Main St. Office, 130 W. Second St.

TELEPHONE 1047. TELEPHONE 84.

## THIS IS NOT OUR WAY.

are the Best.

## COLUMBIA BICYCLES

are the Best.

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are the Best.

## AMERICAN RAMBLERS

are Popular.

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Osborn & Alexander,

Market and Fremont streets.

F. E. OLDS, Los Angeles Agt,

West Fifth Street.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNDERSIGNED, JOHN D. HOOKER, ON APR



**F. H. CHURCHILL**, Vice-President,  
**FRANK WILSON**, Asst. Cashier,  
THE BANK OF AMERICA

**NOTICE OF THE MAIN-STREET  
T. CO. OF Los Angeles, Cal.,  
INCORPORATED IN CALIFORNIA, 1880.**

**LICENSATES:**

Capital paid in coin.....	\$50,000 00
Profit and loss.....	\$,710 77
Due depositors.....	\$21,534 58
	\$72,245 35

Los Angeles, 2d—**J. B. Lankershim**, president,  
Street Savings and Trust Company, being  
that the foregoing statement is true to the best  
of **J. B. LANKERSHIM**, President.  
Witness my hand and the seal of said company  
of June, 1900. **H. B. STORRS**, Notary Public

**Notice of Guardian's Sale.**  
**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN**  
that in pursuance of an order of the  
Superior Court of the county of Los Angeles,  
State of California, made on the 11th day of  
July, 1900, in the matter of the estate and  
guardianship of Lucy Gibson, an insane per-  
son, the undersigned, the guardian of the  
person and estate of said Lucy Gibson, will  
offer to sell at public sale, the highest bidder, and  
subject to confirmation by said court, on or  
after the 15th day of August, 1900, the follow-  
ing described real property belonging to said  
Lucy Gibson, to wit: That certain lot or  
parcel of land in the city of Los Angeles,  
County of Los Angeles, State of California,  
and being the northeasterly thirty-four and  
one-half feet of lot number two, block one  
of the Seaudry tract, and the house number  
of said property is 248 South Hill street.

**Terms and conditions of sale:** For gold  
coin, one-half per annum. The balance of  
the purchase money to be paid to the under-  
signed guardian on day of sale, balance of  
one-half the price of said property to be in  
confirmation of sale by said court, and the re-  
maining half in one year from date of sale,  
said deferred payment to be secured by the  
note and mortgage of the purchaser on said  
real estate, and to bear interest at the rate of  
one-half per annum.

Bids in writing will be received at any time  
after the first publication of this notice and  
before the day of sale, and will be opened by  
the undersigned and left at his office, 78 Temple  
block, Los Angeles, Cal., on the day of sale.  
Dated July 23, 1900.

**CHARLES WHITE MORTIMER,**  
Guardian of the Person and Estate of Lucy  
Gibson, an Insane Person.

**Notice of Application for Pardon.**  
**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN**  
that the Governor of California will be  
asked to commute the sentence of Lorenza  
Mortimer, who was sentenced to 10 years in  
the State Prison, under conviction of the crime  
of larceny.

**EDWARD TRIMBLE,**







